

Demyansk,1942-43

Type de contenu : Texte

Type de médiation : sans médiation

Titre(s) : Demyansk,1942-43 : the frozen fortress / Robert Forczyk ; illustrated by Peter Dennis ; series editor, Marcus Cowper

Auteur(s) : Forczyk, Robert

Autre(s) responsabilité(s) : Dennis, Peter (1950-....) (Illustrateur)
Cowper, Marcus (19..-....) (Éditeur scientifique)

Editeur, producteur : Oxford : Long Island City (N.Y.) : Osprey publ., cop. 2012

Description matérielle : 1 vol. (96 p.) : ill., cartes ; 25 cm

Collection : Campaign 245

ISBN : 978-1-8490-8552-6
1-8490-8552-8

EAN : 9781849085526 br.

Appartient à la collection : Campaign (Oxford) 1759-4987 245

Classification décimale Dewey : 940.542 17

Note sur les bibliographies et les index : Bibliogr. p. 94. Chronol. Index

Note sur le contenu : Introduction Chronology Opposing commanders : German ; Soviet Opposing forces : German ; Soviet ; Order of battle Opposing plans : German ; Soviet The Demyansk campaign : The Soviet winter counteroffensive, January 1942 ; Closing the Demyansk pocket, February 1942 ; The airlift, February-May 1942 ; The siege of Kholm, January-May 1942 ; The German relief operations, March-May 1942 ; The battle of the Ramushevo corridor, May-October 1942 ; The end game, November 1942 to February 1943 Aftermath The battlefield today

Résumé ou extrait : "The fighting around the town of Demyansk was one of the longest encirclement battles on the Eastern Front during World War II, stretching from February 1942 to February 1943. Originally, the German 16. Armee occupied Demyansk in the autumn of 1941 because it was key terrain that would be used as a springboard for an eventual offensive into the Valdai Hills. Instead, the Soviet winter counteroffensive in February 1942 encircled the German II Armeekorps and other units, inside the Demyansk Pocket. Yet despite severe pounding from five Soviet armies, the embattled German troops

held the pocket and the Luftwaffe organized a major aerial resupply effort to sustain the defenders. For the first time in military history, an army was supplied entirely by air. In February 1943, Marshal Timoshenko was ordered to launch an offensive to cut off the base of the salient and annihilate the 12 divisions. At the same time, Hitler finally came to his senses after the Stalingrad debacle and authorized the 16. Armee to withdraw from the pocket. This volume will conclude with the drama of a German Army-sized withdrawal under fire in winter, under attack from three sides" (site de l'éditeur)

Sujet - Collectivité : Allemagne Heer. 1871-1945. URSS Armée rouge. Allemagne 1871-1945. Luftwaffe. -- 1939-1945 (Guerre mondiale) -- 1939-1945 (Guerre mondiale)

Sujet - Nom commun : Guerre mondiale (1939-1945) -- Opérations militaires -- URSS

Guerre en hiver

Guerre mondiale (1939-1945) -- Opérations aériennes allemandes

Transports aériens militaires -- URSS

Transports aériens militaires -- Allemagne

Sujet - Nom géographique : URSS -- 1941-1944 (Occupation allemande)