

Superstates

Type de contenu : Texte

Type de médiation : sans médiation

Type de support : Volume

Titre(s) : Superstates : empires of the twenty-first century / Alasdair Roberts

Auteur(s) : Roberts, Alasdair Scott

Publication : Cambridge [etc.] : Polity, 2023

Description matérielle : 1 vol. (235 p.) : carte ; 23 cm

ISBN : 978-1-5095-4447-9

1-5095-4447-X

978-1-5095-4448-6

1-5095-4448-8

EAN : 9781509544486 br.

Autre variante du titre : [Empires of the twenty-first century.]

Classification décimale Dewey : 320.905

Note sur les bibliographies et les index : Notes bibliogr. p. [174]-225. Index

Note sur le contenu : The experiment Empires always die Are superstates more durable? The United States: an old hazard returns India: the centralizing reflex China: authoritarian dilemmas The European Union: cohesion without coercion The COVID test How to rule a superstate

Résumé ou extrait : "In this century, the world will conduct an extraordinary experiment in government. In 2050, forty percent of the planet's population will live in just four places: India, China, the European Union, and the United States. These are superstates - polities that are distinguished from normal countries by expansiveness, population, diversity, and complexity. How should superstates be governed? What must their leaders do to hold these immense polities together in the face of extraordinary strains and shocks? Alasdair Roberts looks to history for answers. Superstates, he contends, wrestle with the same problems of leadership, control, and purpose that plagued empires for centuries. But they also bear heavier burdens than empires - including the obligation to improve life for ordinary people and respect human rights. One axiom of history was that empires always died. Size and complexity led to fragility, and imperial rulers improvised constantly to put off the day of reckoning. Leaders of superstates are doing the same today, pursuing radically different strategies for governing at scale that have profound

implications for democracy and human rights. History shows that there are ways to govern these sprawling and diverse polities well. But this requires a different way of thinking about the art and methods of statecraft." (éd.)

Sujet - Nom commun : Politique et gouvernement -- Pays de l'Union européenne -- 1993-2008

Politique et gouvernement -- Pays de l'Union européenne -- 2008-....

Politique et gouvernement -- Inde -- 1977-....

Politique et gouvernement -- Chine -- 1997-....

Politique et gouvernement -- États-Unis -- 1989-....

État

Science politique

Impérialisme