

Militancy and the arc of instability

Type de contenu : Texte

Type de médiation : sans médiation

Type de support : Volume

Titre(s) : Militancy and the arc of instability : violent extremism in the Sahel / principal authors, Jennifer G. Cooke, Thomas M. Sanderson ; contributing authors, J. Caleb Johnson, Benjamin Hubner

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Publication : Washington : Center for strategic & international studies Lanham (Md.) [etc.] : Rowman & Littlefield, 2016

Description matérielle : 1 vol. (IV-32 p.) : cartes ; 28 cm

Collection : [CSIS report]

ISBN : 978-1-4422-7968-1
1-4422-7968-0

EAN : 9781442279681 br.

Appartient à la collection : CSIS panel reports 0899-0352

Classification décimale Dewey : 327.117 096

Note(s) : "Septembre 2016"
"A report of the CSIS transnational threats project and the CSIS Africa program" (p. de titre)

Note sur les bibliographies et les index : Notes bibliogr.

Note sur le contenu : Introduction : a fragile region under threat The context : corruption, fragility, and hardship in the Sahel and Lake Chad Basin The core violent extremist groups : AQIM and Boko Haram Conclusion : challenges for international engagement

Résumé ou extrait : Présentation de l'éditeur : "An arc of instability stretching across Africa's Sahel region, an area of strategic interest for the United States and its allies, is plagued by violent extremist organizations (VEOs). These organizations, including Boko Haram, al Qaeda, and other terror groups, have metastasized and present a serious threat to regional stability. Now these VEOs are transitioning. Under sustained pressure from French and regional security forces, and reeling from the loss of senior leaders, many of these groups feel backed into a corner. Despite setbacks, the groups continue to plague the region. To enhance policymakers' understanding of these threats and how to respond to them, CSIS experts from the Africa Program and Transnational Threats Project conducted field-based and scholarly research examining the broad range of factors at play in the region. This research provides little ground for optimism. Chronic underdevelopment, political alienation, failed governance and corruption, organized crime, and spillover from Libya help foster and sustain violent extremists throughout the Sahel."

Sujet - Collectivité : Boko Haram Al-Qaida au Maghreb islamique

Sujet - Nom commun : Terrorisme -- Sahel

Stabilité politique -- Sahel

Sécurité internationale -- Sahel

Politique et gouvernement -- Sahel